

Love Your Neighbour as Yourself

Religious Education

CURRICULUM MAP

Learning is creative and thought-provoking. Our curriculum allows pupils to understand the beliefs and practices of the main religions and the impact on the lives of followers. Alongside this, pupils explore philosophical enquiries from a variety of viewpoints and are encouraged to question and debate. We aim to develop knowledgeable and inquisitive pupils who are able to have balanced, informed conversations about religious beliefs.

CORE			EYFS – Acorn Class			
			AUTUMN What does the	SPRING	SUMMER	
			word 'God' mean? What puzzles you?	What might people use this artefact	What objects are special to people?	
			How do people celebrate? (Include Hinduism – Diwali, Judaism – Hanukkah)	for? (Christianity and Hinduism) Why do Christians put a cross in an Easter Garden?	How do people celebrate? (Islam – Eid al-Fitr)	
QUESTIONS			Why do Christians perform Nativity plays at Christmas?	What do these symbols mean?	What happens in a church? What happens in a Mandir?	
	Year 1 – Oak Class	;	Υ	ear 2 – Maple Cla	ss	
AUTUMN	SPRING	SUMMER	AUTUMN	SPRING	SUMMER	
Who made the world? (Christianity) Why does Christmas matter to Christians?	How do people decide what is right and wrong? (Multi – Christianity lead in) Why does Easter matter to Christians?	What happens in the daily life of a Jew? What does it mean to belong to the Jewish community?	Why is light an important symbol for many religious believers? (Christianity, Hinduism, Judaism)	What is the Good News Jesus brings?	What does the Bible tell Christians about God? Why do people have different views about the idea of God? (Multi-religion)	
Year 3 and 4 Birch Class						
Why do Christians believe people need to be saved? What is the Trinity?	Why is there so much diversity of belief within Christianity? How do people make moral decisions? (Abrahamic Religions focus)	How do Hindu beliefs affect the way they live their lives? How do Hindus express beliefs about God?	Curri	24 – 20 iculum		
	4 and 5 Willow (Year 5 and 6 Alder Class		
Why is there suffering in the world? (Christianity then Buddhism)	SPRING What did Jesus do to save human beings?	How do beliefs shape identity for Muslims?	Why is there suffering in the world? (Christianity then Buddhism)	SPRING What did Jesus do to save human beings?	How do beliefs shape identity for Muslims?	

			EYFS – Acorn Class			
			PHILOSOPHY	HUMAN & SOCIAL SCIENCES		
SKILLS on-statute	ory Age-	Recognise simple religious beliefs. Talk about some aspects of a religious or belief story. Recreate stories through small world play. Start using key vocabulary like 'God.'	Raise puzzling and interesting questions about religious and belief stories and the world around them. Talk about what concerns them about different ways in which people behave. Say what matters to them or is of value. Use their senses to investigate religion and belief.	Identify some features of religious life and practice in families. Recognise a number of religious words. Know where some religious world views originated. Name some religious symbols and artefacts. Talk about religious events they see and hear about. Talk about what people wear because of their beliefs.		
Year 1 – Oak Class	;	Υ	ear 2 – Maple Clas			
PHILOSOPHY	HUMAN & SOCIAL SCIENCES	THEOLOGY	PHILOSOPHY	HUMAN & SOCIAL SCIENCES		
Ask questions about the world around them and the Christian Creation Story. Talk about how beliefs impact on how people behave using religious and belief stories.	Talk about what people believe and use the word 'religion.' Recognise the cross as a Christian symbol. Talk about what Jews remember at Shabbat and Passover. Say why people might go to a synagogue.	Retell the story of Jesus choosing Matthew as a disciple and the link with forgiveness. Recognise Gospels and other types of writing within the Bible.	Ask questions raised by the story of Hanukkah such as, what is a miracle? What do we know about ourselves? Explain why someone might believe in God. Make links between the parables and how Christians live their daily lives.	Use the word Christian when talking about people who go to church and Jew for people who go to a synagogue. (And other religions) Identify ways that different religions use light to celebrate.		
			Year 3 and Year 4 – Birch Class			
		THEOLOGY	PHILOSOPHY	HUMAN & SOCIAL SCIENCES		
2024- 202 ;	5	Make clear links between the Christian beliefs in Incarnation and Salvation. Identify different ways in which Christians understand 'being saved.' Identify difference sources of authority and how they link with beliefs.	Use the words truth, reality and knowledge in written work. Give reasons for decisions people make using evidence to support those views.	Describe the difference between the terms 'religion' and 'belief' when exploring Christianity. Describe the differences between Anglican and Catholic practices. Describe the impact of Ahimsa, Samsara and Karma on daily life and beyond.		
4 and 5 – Willow		Year 5 and 6 – Alder Class				
PHILOSOPHY	HUMAN & SOCIAL SCIENCES	THEOLOGY	PHILOSOPHY	HUMAN & SOCIAL SCIENCES		
Explain some ways in which philosophers understand abstract	Explain how the	Identify some key theological differences and similarities between Christian	which philosophers understand abstract concepts like	Explain how the Christian Concept of Salvation impacts the		
	Year 1 – Oak Class PHILOSOPHY Ask questions about the world around them and the Christian Creation Story. Talk about how beliefs impact on how people behave using religious and belief stories. 2024- 2023 4 and 5 – Willow PHILOSOPHY Explain some ways in which philosophers understand abstract	SKILLS On-statutory Age- ed Expectations) Year 1 - Oak Class PHILOSOPHY Ask questions about the world around them and the Christian Creation Story. Talk about how beliefs impact on how people behave using religious and belief stories. Talk about what people behave using religious and belief stories. Talk about what people behave using religious and Passover. Say why people might go to a synagogue. PHILOSOPHY Explain some ways in which philosophers understand abstract concepts like Explain how the Christian Concept of	RE SKILLS ON-Statutory Age- cd Expectations) Pear 1 - Oak Class PHILOSOPHY Ask questions about the world around them and the Christian Creation Story. Talk about how beliefs impact on how people behave using religious and belief stories. Palk about how beliefs for yellogous and belief stories. Palk about how beliefs for yellogous and belief stories. Palk about how hat Jews remember at Shabbat and Passover. Say why people might go to a synagogue. Pear 3 THEOLOGY Recognise simple religious or elligious or elligous or belief story. Talk about what people believe and use the word 'religion.' Christian Creation Story. Talk about what Jews remember at Shabbat and Passover. Say why people might go to a synagogue. Pear 3 THEOLOGY Make clear links between the Christian beliefs in Incarnation and Salvation. Identify different ways in which Christian beliefs in Incarnation and Salvation. Identify different ways in which Christian beliefs. PHILOSOPHY Explain some ways in which philosophers understand abstract concepts like Christian Concept of Christian between Christia	RE SKILLS ON-Statutory Age- Cd Expectations Necreate stories through small world play. Start using key vocabulary like 'God.' PHILOSOPHY Recognise simple religious beliefs. Talk about some aspects of a religious or belief story. Recreate stories through small world play. Start using key vocabulary like 'God.' PHILOSOPHY Ask questions about the world around them and the Christian Creation Story. Talk about what people believe and the link with forgiveness. Talk about what Jews behave using religious and belief stories. Talk about what Jews behave using religious and belief stories and the word 'religion.' Talk about what Jews behave using religious and belief stories. Talk about what Jews behave using religious and belief stories. Talk about what Jews behave using religious and belief stories. Talk about what Jews behave using religious and belief stories. Talk about what Jews behave using religious and belief stories. Talk about what Jews behave using religious and belief stories. Talk about what Jews behave using religious and passover. Say why people might go to a synagogue. PHILOSOPHY Make clear links between the Christian beliefs in Incarnation and Salvation. Identify different ways in which Christians understand 'being saved.' Use the words truth, reality and knowledge in written work. Give reasons for decisions people make using evidence to support those views. PHILOSOPHY HUMAN & SOCIAL SCIENCES PHILOSOPHY Explain some ways in which philosophers What is a miracle? What do we know about ourselves? What is a miracle? What do we know about ourselves? What is a miracle? What do we know about ourselves? What do we know about ourselves? Captile the story of Jesus Choosing and the l		

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<u>RE</u>			EYFS – Acorn Class			
			AUTUMN	SPRING	SUMMER	
(Take Knowled	WLE en from the dge Summa greed Sylla	Core ry in the	Hear and begin to understand the word 'God.' Begin to understand what religion is. Hear religious and belief stories. Learn about different festivals and celebrations.	Know there are symbols in religions and what they mean. That some people are special in different religions and there are religious and belief stories about them.	Know that some objects are special in different religions. Know there are special buildings used for worship. Understand why and how people celebrate including those with different religions or world beliefs.	
	Year 1 – Oak Class		Y	ear 2 – Maple Clas	SS	
AUTUMN	SPRING	SUMMER	AUTUMN	SPRING	SUMMER	
Understand the Christian Concept of Creation and Incarnation. Christian beliefs about the world shown in the Creation Story.	Key philosophical thinking. Ways of reasoning. Make links between belief and behaviour.	Understand Shabbat and the importance of the home/family life. The synagogue and the varying ceremonies that take place within it.	Understand symbolism and artefacts as an expression of Christianity, Judaism. (and other faiths and	The life and teachings of Jesus.	The Concept of God. The Bible as a sacred text for Christians and its different genres. (Recall of stories)	
The importance of worship gatherings and celebrations in Christianity.	Understand the Christian Concept of Salvation. The life and teachings of Jesus.	That the Torah is the five books of Moses written in Hebrew. The concept of One God.	world views) Understand the role of festivals which connect with Jewish history. (Hanukkah)	The Bible as a sacred text for Christians and its different genres.	That there are differences between Christian and Jewish views of God. Other religions have different views about God as well. (Islam and Hinduism)	
			Year 3 and 4 – Birch Class			
			AUTUMN	SPRING	SUMMER	
	2024- 202		The Christian Concepts of the Fall and the Trinity. Ethical theory including the importance of forgiveness within Christian tradition. Understand the Christian belief in one God.	Global diversity associated with the study of Christianity. How events in society have influenced Christian beliefs. Know why people make the decisions they do. Consider Descartes' work on body and mind.	Know the Concepts of Brahman, Atman, Ahimsa, Samsara and Karma. Impact of Dharma on daily life and beyond. Identify sources of authority such as the Baghavad Gita and the Vedas. Understand the oral tradition.	
	4 and 5 – Willow		Year 5 and 6 – Alder Class			
AUTUMN Understand the key teachings from important Christian thinkers. The Concepts of the Buddha, Four Noble Truths and the cycle of birth, death and rebirth, and the Five Precepts. Links between suffering and the Four Noble Truths. Ethical theory – e.g.	The Christian Concept of Salvation. The life and teachings of Jesus. The impact of Christian teachings on daily life and wider society's views.	SUMMER The three main Muslim traditions. Diversity within Islam and impact on daily life. (Focus on importance of Ramadan, the two Eid festivals and Jummah prayers) Sources of authority in Islam (Qur'an and Hadith) and Judaism. (Torah and Talmud) Malaikah (an Article of Faith in Sunni Belief)	AUTUMN Understand the key teachings from important Christian thinkers. The Concepts of the Buddha, Four Noble Truths and the cycle of birth, death and rebirth, and the Five Precepts. Links between suffering and the Four Noble Truths. Ethical theory – e.g. Utilitarianism.	The Christian Concept of Salvation. The life and teachings of Jesus. The impact of Christian teachings on daily life and wider society's views.	SUMMER The three main Muslim traditions. Diversity within Islam and impact on daily life. (Focus on importance of Ramadan, the two Eid festivals and Jummah prayers) Sources of authority in Islam (Qur'an and Hadith) and Judaism. (Torah and Talmud) Malaikah (an Article of Faith in Sunni Belief)	